## Bob Jones June 29 Quiz

Goren on Bridge：Weekly bridge quiz GOREN BRIDGE JUNE 29， 2024
Q 1 －Neither vulnerable

SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST
1－Pass 2
？
What call would you make？
Q 3 －East－West vulnerable
\＆ 6 VJ 853 K 10764 Q 8
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
12 Pass 10 Pass
14 Pass ？
What call would vou make？
Q 5 －Both vulnerable
\＆K Q J 8 4 V AK 854 Q 7 \＆K
SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST
14 Pass Pass 1NT
2 Pass 3e Pass ？

What call would you make？

Q 2 －North－South vulnerable
ム J 984『K94 K K A Q 874
WEST NORTH EAST SOUTH
1V Pass 2V Pass

Pass 2NT＊Pass 3\＆
3v Pass Pass ？
＊Both minors
What call would you make？
Q 4 －East－West vulnerable

WEST NORTH EAST SOUTH
14 Pass 1V Pass
2＊Pass Pass ？
What call would you make？
Q 6 －North－South vulnerable
ムAK 7 『 8754 Q 10 \＆ 987
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
1＊Pass 1v Pass
29 Pass ？
What call would you make？
Look for answers on Monday．

# Bob Jones June 29 Quiz 

## Question 1

Q 1 - Neither vulnerable
\& K Q 1094 - 7 2 K K K K 653

| SOUTH | WEST | NORTH | EAST |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14 | Pass $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ | $3 \boldsymbol{\varphi}$ |  |
| $?$ |  |  |  |



Bob Jones 49 A fancy modern convention here is to double as a game try. Don't bother. Just bid 44.

Steve Vogel 4스 My choices are whether to bid game or invite game. With two good 5card suits, I need very little from partner to make game. I may occasionally go down, but I would bid game with this hand. By the way, a maximal double would be invitational in this sequence.

Joe Muenks $\underline{\mathbf{X}} \quad$ This is not a penalty double, rather it is a game try (maximal overcall double). This allows a weak hand with a $6^{\text {th }}$ spade to bid 3 without fear that partner will raise.

Bob Fisk $\underline{X} \quad$ Maximal overcall double is in effect when you need to make a game try, but you've run out of room to bid a suit below the three level of your trump suit. Typically it occurs in an auction such as $1 \mathbf{~ - ~}(2 \vee-2 \boldsymbol{-}-(3 \vee)$; X, but Bridge doesn't always behave the way you want it too.

Steve Moese 4ゆ This is a loser count calculation. We have 5. Partner's $2 \boldsymbol{A}$ is a constructive raise (weaker hands bid 1NT forcing first) so we expect two cover cards. (A cover card is a side A or K , or Q in any suit we've bid). Bidding $3 \mathbf{1}$ is only competitive and partner will pass. Bidding $4 \boldsymbol{N}$ gives away our hand to the defense. Note if East hadn't overcalled $3 \boldsymbol{V}$, we would have made a game try according to our methods. ( $3 \%$ would have been best as a long suit game try - double fits make lots of tricks).
OBAR Bids - Marty Bergen promoted the idea that once the "Opponents have Bid And Raised" (to the 2-level), the fourth hand must prebalance with the appropriate shape. This approach makes $3 \downarrow$ WEAKER than in classical standard (old-fashioned) bidding. Strongly recommend Marty's books on bidding because most experts play his methods.

Mike Ma 49 With a 5-loser hand, you are bidding game. The only issue is whether you bid 4s now or bid to prepare the defense if opps compete to $5 \boldsymbol{\$}$. The danger of bidding $4 \%$ is you allow W to show their H fit by bidding $4 \boldsymbol{V}$. All in all, I 'll just bd $4 \boldsymbol{4}$ now.

## Question 2

Q 2 - North-South vulnerable
\& J 984『K94 K K A Q 874

| WEST | NORTH | EAST | SOUTH |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \downarrow$ | Pass | $2 \boldsymbol{q}$ | Pass |
| Pass | $2 N T$ | Pass | $3 \boldsymbol{\$}$ |
| $3 \boldsymbol{\varphi}$ | Pass | Pass | $?$ |

Bob Jones Pass Partner has done yeoman work, on modest values, to push them to the three level. Take your profit. Pass.

Steve Vogel Pass When partner is in the passout seat, they are bidding my hand too. Vulnerable, partner is either 5-5 or 5-4 in the minors. If 5-5, we may well make 4 , but then we may push the opponents into a potentially makeable game. If 5-4, we are not likely to make 4\%. I would opt to despite my great minor suit cards.

Joe Muenks 4\% Normally once partner stretches to push the opponents up 1 we take the victory and defend. Here, however, assuming points are split, partner has only 7 HCP , so to step in with 2NT vulnerable, it is highly likely that she is at least 5-4 so we have a good shot at making $4 \boldsymbol{i}$ on cross ruff lines, assuming the expected heart opening lead.

Bob Fisk $\quad$ 4e Partner didn't bid 2NT immediately over 1V, so there's something wrong with partner's hand. It's most likely that they're 5-4 in the minors rather than 5-5. They also have only seven HCP (or thereabouts). Picture xx xx Axxx Kxxxx and you have some play for 4\&, especially on a heart lead.

Steve Moese $\underline{\mathbf{X}} \quad$ We have found a fit in a competitive auction. We have the balance of power and a likely trump trick. Partner has at least 8 HCP for their 2NT takeout bid. If partner is $3=2=4=4$ the opponents have only 8 trumps and are one level too high (Law of Total Tricks/ Trumps). With 8 trumps they need 23 HCP to play safely at the 3 level. They don't have that.
If partner has some $3=1=(54)$, they are free to bid $4 \dot{0}$ instead of sitting for the double. They will 'now the opponents have 9 trumps, and with useful shortness in their trump suit a 4 m contract will score well.
This double is called an optional penalty double. Some people call it a "Do Something Intelligent" double, but I hate that term. I assume all my partners are always doing what is intelligent!

Mike Ma 4ie With 3 S partner would have balanced with a $X$, so she is at most 2-2 in M , hence $9+$ cards in m . I have a good hand for C , and probably can make 4\%. At worst I should be down 1, and with such good C fit, I doubt opps can X for -200. If I bid 4\%, I need to be able to defend $4 \checkmark$ in case I goad them into bidding it, and my hand is good enough to do that.

# Bob Jones June 29 Quiz 

## Question 3

Q 3 - East-West vulnerable

| NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1\% | Pass | 1v | Pass |
| 14 | Pass | ? |  |



Bob Jones 1NT It doesn't seem right, but you do not have the values to bid more than 1NT.

Steve Vogel 1NT If partner has 3 cards in a red suit, notrump will not be our optimal contract, but I have no way of finding that out. Best to try to get out of a potential misfit at a low level by rebidding 1NT

Joe Muenks 1NT This hand is a major mismatch so we should get out as soon as possible. Perhaps 1 NT will end the bidding; I sure hope so. ( $2 \diamond$ is game forcing and says nothing about diamonds, $2 \downarrow$ finds partner with a void or sometimes a singleton if you're lucky, so "run away, run away" to quote Monte Python and the Holy Grail.)

Bob Fisk 1NT Nothing else seems safe, and you'd like to get out before things get any uglier.

Steve Moese 1NT With 6-9 HCP and no fit, 1NT is an easy choice. $2 \downarrow$ needs a better suit, one that could play opposite a singleton. Many play that the 14 rebid promises 5 clubs or 4 with an unbalanced hand (they rebid 1NT with 4 spades and a balanced hand, waiting for partner to move in the direction of spades. This reduces what distributional information is available to opponents). Trying to play in 2 RED when partner has shown 9 black cards isn't wise.

Mike Ma 1NT What other choice do you have? Opener can still have a very good hand that is just short of GF $2 \boldsymbol{1}$ rebid. Opener may well be singleton in $H$, so bidding $2 \boldsymbol{V}$ is out. Even if you play XYZ, allowing you to bid 2 to relay to $2 \downarrow$, you have no idea there is any fit there. You have good red suits, and your should be useful for NT.

# Bob Jones June 29 Quiz 

Question 4<br>Q 4 - East-West vulnerable<br>-1094 * AKJ85 1086 104<br>WEST NORTH EAST SOUTH<br>1\% Pass 1\% Pass<br>2 Pass Pass ?



Bob Jones 2- You don't get rich in bridge by defending two of a minor. Partner is marked with values or they would not be trying to stop in $2 \boldsymbol{2}$. Bid $2 \boldsymbol{V}$.

Steve Vogel Pass With only 5 hearts, I would not bid a natural $2 \vee$ in the passout seat, nor am I willing to take a chance on a double or even 2A, even though partner will often have some length in spades

Joe Muenks Pass Seems we have a good hand to defend, but no assurance that partner forgot to bid their 5-card suit, so we'll just take what we can on defense.

Bob Fisk Pass What else? You missed your opportunity to bid $2 \checkmark$ naturally, and that would have shown a better hand anyways.

Steve Moese $\underline{X} \quad$ Selling out to vulnerable opponents at the 2-level is bad bridge. Double, showing support for the unbid suits, brings partners hand and judgment into the decision. Since you are a passed hand, this balancing double should work fine, hopefully landing a 2-level contract or pushing the opponents to the 3-level where chances of setting them are better.
Bidding 2 might work but it's too unilateral.
Note - partner cannot have a club stack and heart shortness because s/he did not double at their second turn.
Note 2 - if I wanted to play $2 \boldsymbol{V}$, I should have bid $2 \boldsymbol{V}$ directly over $1 \geqslant$. (We don't need Michael's since double shows the two unbids, and with S\&C overcalling 1 works better).

Mike Ma $\underline{X} \quad$ I would have bid $2 \mathbb{V}$ over $1 \longdiv { 7 }$ previously (when they have bid $1 x$ and $1 y$, both 2 x and 2 y are best played as natural). Your H suit is a little lacking for 2 V with nothing outside, but the vul is in your favor. And you would love for partner to lead $H$ if opener plays NT. I am not letting then play 2*. I have no idea what $2 \boldsymbol{V}$ shows balancing over 2 $\mathbf{2 \mu}$, but I do have support for both unbid suits, albeit only 3 each and no honor. So IX.

# Bob Jones June 29 Quiz 

| Question 5 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q 5 - Both vulnerable |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| SOUTH | WEST | NORTH | EAST |
| 14 | Pass | Pass | 1NT |
| 29 | Pass | 30 | Pass |
| ? |  |  |  |



Bob Jones Pass Mayday! Mayday! Pass before the doubling starts.
Steve Vogel Pass Partner is saying they have no fit for either of my suits, but they have length (6+) and some playing strength in clubs. Best to pass.

Joe Muenks Pass Partner has 7 clubs on a bad day and 8 clubs more often than you think. All those points and very helpful K mean 3\% might make. Partner has $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{Jxx}, \mathrm{QTxxxxxx}$ I think.

Bob Fisk 3- Partner has a sense of humor. "Hey pard, which major do you prefer?" "Clubs" says partner. Sigh. You need partner to hold xx Qx xx xxxxxxx as long as both majors behave.

Steve Moese Pass This out of the blue bid by partner means they hate both Majors and have a long suit of their own. When they passed 14, they denied a fit with 0-5, denied an Ace (or two Qs). Now they show a 6+ card suit in a hand that could not make a weak jump shift to begin with. About misfits: when you're in a hole, stop digging. Besides, our top cards will be tricks in partner's suit, but their clubs won't be tricks in our suits. Think about x xx xxx J10xxxxx.

Mike Ma Pass First, $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ was a gross underbid. Either $X$ or bid 3 . But it looks like partner has long C and $1-\mathrm{S}$ and $2-\mathrm{H}$, so maybe you lucked out. Partner heard your bids, and bid C, trust her.

## Bob Jones June 29 Quiz

## Question 6

Q 6 - North-South vulnerable
\&AK 7 『 8754 Q 10 \& 987

| NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \downarrow$ | Pass | $1 \downarrow$ | Pass |
| $2 \downarrow$ | Pass | $?$ |  |



Bob Jones 3NT You do not want to play in $4 \sqrt{ }$ if your partner has raised on 3-card support. Bid 3NT and give him a choice.

Steve Vogel 2NT (Spiral) I want to ensure that partner has 4 hearts before placing the final contract. If partner has 4 hearts with a minimum hand, I would choose to bid $4 \boldsymbol{\vee}$. If partner shows any other hand: 3 hearts (minimum or maximum) or 4 hearts with a maximum, I would offer 3NT as a game contract, and let partner make the final choice.

Joe Muenks 2NT With honors everywhere we should prefer playing 3NT if partner raised on 3 hearts and a singleton spade, so let's ask about opener's hand with the 2NT bid that goes by ever so many names.

Bob Fisk $\quad$ 2NT (Spiral). Make sure partner has four Hearts. If not, bid 3NT.
Steve Moese 2NT The Spiral convention (aka WOLD) works well here. One popular scheme for responding is:

| 3e-3 card min with void/singleton | 3NT - 3 card max (13-14 HCP) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3- 3 card min balanced | 4om - splinter 4-card Max |
| 3)-4-card min balanced | $4 \mathrm{~m}-4 \mathrm{M} 5 \mathrm{~m} 2=2 \mathrm{Max}$ |
| 34-4-card max balanced | $4 \boldsymbol{4}$ - if H trump, shows spade splinter. If S trump, shows H splinter (4-card Max) |

Here are two other options for the adventuresome:
https://bridgewinners.com/article/view/spiral-raises/
https://bridgewinners.com/article/view/dutch-spiral/
Mike Ma 3NT With QT, it is not unreasonable to treat it as 3 , and with your weak H pretend you have 4333. Since you did not spiral, opener knows your concern is not 3 H vs 4 H . She should be able to judge whether to pass 3NT or take you to $4 \checkmark$, e.g. she has $x x$, AQJx, AJxxx, xx, I think she should correct 3NT to $4 \vee$. But if she has one less D and one more C , she should pass 3NT.

| 06/29/24 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bob Jones | 49 | Pass | 1NT | 29 | Pass | 3NT |
| Steve Vogel | 44 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Joe Muenks | X | 49 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Bob Fisk | X | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Steve Moese | 49 | X | 1NT | X | Pass | 2NT |
| Mike Ma | 49 | 49 | 1NT | X | Pass | 3NT |


| Al Venosa | 49 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AnnR | 49 | 4\% | 1NT | X | 39 | 2NT |
| Bob K | 49 | Pass | 29 | Pass | 3NT | 4\% |
| Carl Willig | 34 | Pass | 2 | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Carol Wilson | 34 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Dave | 34 | 4\% | 2\% | Pass | 3 | 3NT |
| Dave D | 49 | 49 | 29 | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Dean Congbalay | Pass | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 4\% |
| Doug Edwards | 34 | 4\% | 2\% | Pass | 39 | 4\% |
| Ed | 49 | Pass | 2 | Pass | 3 | 2NT |
| Gary Herrington | 3s | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| James D | 4. | Pass | 29 | Pass | 39 | 4\% |
| James Jacobson | 49 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 3NT |
| Jay Gala | 34 | 4\% | 2\% | Pass | Pass | 4\% |
| Jim Barrett | 4. | 49 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 4\% |
| JohnMcQ | 49 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 3NT |
| jon hoak | 49 | 5\% | 1NT | Pass | 3 | 3\% |
| Kevin C. | X | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Kevin H. | 49 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 3NT |
| Lanny | 49 | Pass | 29 | Pass | $3{ }^{\prime}$ | 4\% |
| Linda | 49 | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 3NT |
| Liz | 34 | 4\% | 29 | Pass | 3NT | 4\% |
| Lyn | 49 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 3\% |
| Melissa | 34 | Pass | 2. | Pass | $4{ }^{\text {P }}$ | 4\% |
| Mike Burns | 34 | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Joanne | 34 | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Mónica | 44 | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Nell Wickstrom | 49 | 4\% | 29 | Pass | 39 | 2NT |
| Pam Campbell | 34 | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | $3 \%$ | 2NT |
| Reeta B | $4{ }^{7}$ | Pass | 1NT | X | Pass | 2NT |
| Rick Read | 34 | Pass | 2 | Pass | 3 | 3\% |
| Robert N. | 4. | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | Pass |
| Sue | 49 | Pass | 1NT | 2\% | Pass | 3NT |
| Terri Mackey | 49 | 4* | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT |
| Vijay | 4. | Pass | 1NT | Pass | 39 | 3NT |
| Zigang Pan | 34 | 4\% | 20 | X | Pass | 3NT |

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