## Bob Jones May 11 Quiz

| Goren on | n Bridg | e: Weekl | bridge quiz | Q $2-\mathrm{No}$ | orth-So | uth vuln | able |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GOREN | BRIDGE | MAY 11, | 2024 | -A 3 | Q 76 | KJ 8 | 18 |
| Q 1 - N | either v | ulnerable |  | - | - |  |  |
| \&AT6 | 3 VQ 6 | 52 Q 8 | A Q 8 | NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WES |
|  |  |  |  | 14 | Pass | ? |  |
| NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Pass | 2NT* | Pass | What call | ll woul | you ma |  |
| 3*** | Pass |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *Game- | forcing | spade ra | e, at least 4 |  |  |  |  |
| **Short | ness in | clubs |  |  |  |  |  |
| What call | ll woul | d you ma |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q 3-Ea | ast-West | vulnera |  | Q 4 - Bo | th vuln | erable |  |
| ¢ Void | Q J T | $5 \diamond$ A Q | 64 ¢ 97 | ¢AQT | 64 K | * A Q | 2A 8 |
| NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST | EAST S | SOUTH | WEST | NORTH |
| 2** | P | ? |  | 2** |  |  |  |
| *Weak |  |  |  | *Weak |  |  |  |
| What call | ll woul | d you ma |  | What cal | Il woul | d you ma |  |
| Q 5 - No | orth-So | uth vulne | able | Q 6 - Ea | st-Wes | t vulnera |  |
| $\triangle A Q T$ | 97 VT | 7 Q 86 | 5\%KJ | ¢ $\mathrm{AK} \mathrm{K}^{\text {a }}$ | 9 V $\downarrow$ | J 75 K | Q 85 |
| SOUTH | WEST | NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST | NORTH | EAST |
| 14 | Pass | 24 | Pass | 1\% | Pass | $1{ }^{*}$ | Pass |
| 2 - | Pass | 27 | Pass | 14 | Pass | 1NT | Pass |
| ? |  |  |  | ? |  |  |  |
| What call | ll woul | d you ma |  | What ca | 11 woul | d you ma |  |
|  |  |  |  | Look for | answe | rs on Mo | day. |

# Bob Jones May 11 Quiz 

Question 1
Q 1 －Neither vulnerable，
ゅAT63ヶQ652 Q 8 \＆A Q 8

| NORTH | EAST | SOUTH | WEST |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14 | Pass | $2 N T$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{3 4}$ | Pass | ？ |  |


 minimum．

Steve Vogel 49 I have no controls in the red suits and my Q is likely wasted，BUT I do have the A，great trumps and partner is unlimited．Over partner＇s 4 or 4 bid，I will bid 4 to show I have no more controls more to offer．

Joe Muenks 4\％The A （ is now useless，but partner might still have a good hand．With most of my partners I play this is the denying a red ace．This bid is even easier for those showing aces or kings，as it says exactly，＂this is all the help I＇ve got partner，slam is all on you．＂

Bob Fisk 3NT I＇ll let partner know that I have wasted values in clubs，but 3NT from my side might also generate 10 tricks．If partner really wants to be in spades，partner is welcome to bid 44．Although I agreed to answer this question based on the fact that I did so，my preference is to play Jacoby 2 NT as $16+$ HCP rather than simply a game－forcing spade raise．So there．

Steve Moese 4．Shortness opposite our clubs devalues our hand by at least a Q．Bid 4． If partner has KQ876 AK3 AK42 3 they will continue toward slam．Our 4ヵ should say we have a minimum balanced hand that wasn＇t improved by partner＇s club shortness．

Mike Ma 34 In former days，3公 now would show much more than this hand， especially with the wasted values in C，and people would jump to 4s fast arrival．But if opener has as little as KQxxx，AJT，$K x x x, x, 64$ is on a $H$ finesse，and there is no way she can make a move over 44．More modern way is to bid 34，which just means NOT hopeless．To account for that responder is still wide ranging，people use frivolous or serous 3NT as to way to distinguish mild vs serious slam try by opener．

# Bob Jones May 11 Quiz 

## Question 2

Q 2 - North-South vulnerable

- A 3 VQ 764 KJ 85 」 83

NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
14 Pass ?

Question 2


Bob Jones $\quad$ 1NT Bid 1NT. Bidding 2 with this hand is how the old timers got in trouble.
Steve Vogel 1NT (forcing) 11 HCP without spade support equals a 1 NT response. I plan to make another forward-going call on my next bid to show invitational values, depending upon partner's rebid.

Joe Muenks 1NT This is an easy bid in 2/1, where 1 NT is forcing 1 round. We'll probably bid 2NT next round depending on developments. If playing Standard American, bid $2 \triangleleft$ now to start.

Bob Fisk 1NT (Forcing). 100\%? No other bid occurs to me.
Steve Moese 1NT Playing 2/1 GF, this bid is forcing one round. We intend to invite Game next by bidding 2NT over partner's non-spade rebid and 3s over a 2 rebid. If partner jumps to 3 $\boldsymbol{1}$ we will bid the spade game. If partner makes a strong jump shift we will raise a red suit but bid 3NT over their 3e.

Mike Ma 1NT Not sure what the catch is assuming we play $2 / 1$ and Jacoby 2NT. What else can you do?

## Bob Jones May 11 Quiz

## Question 3

Q 3 - East-West vulnerable

NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
2 $\quad$ P ?


Bob Jones Pass Pass, quickly, and hope left-hand opponent bids a suit.
Steve Vogel Pass Partner may have support for one of my red suits, but that is a gamble. Best to pass and hope for the best.

Joe Muenks Pass Easy peasy. Will this be $95 \%$. With a mismatch everyone knows to stop bidding, right?

Bob Fisk Pass Do I really think I can improve the contract? If I bid $3 \bigvee$ (forcing), I've overbid my hand by two tricks. If I bid $3>$ (non-forcing with my partners), partner will hit with 6-2-1-4 shape (serves me right). If I'm really lucky, West is about to double for takeout, and if it goes Pass-Pass after that, I can redouble (for rescue) to get to a red suit. Heh.

Steve Moese Pass In tempo please. You hope lefty will bid one of your suits. Hint: when in a hole, stop digging. Do not try to rescue partner. If they double we will run to a red suit.

Mike Ma Pass I play new suit force over weak 2, but what else can you do even if you don't? Your decision comes if and when W balances with a X and E passes.


Bob Jones 3NT It is too dangerous to trap pass. You might defend undoubled and miss a game. Bid 3NT.

Steve Vogel Pass If we are to make game, partner is going to need a good suit, and probably a side entry as well. We might possibly make game in notrump or partner's long suit, but it is just as possible that we may go down. On defense, we are just about certain to defeat 2A and most likely by multiple tricks. In matchpoints, I would choose to pass.

Joe Muenks 2NT While we overcall 14 with 1NT with 15-18, we allow 19 when we overcall 2 with NT and 20 when we overcall 3 with NT. Note that the spade suit might become frozen quickly which might devalue the $\uparrow \mathbf{Q}$, since that is unlikely to be the lead ( $W$ might be void). [A frozen suit is one where whoever leads it loses a trick or an extra trick.]

Bob Fisk 3NT If the auction goes (2 $\mathbf{A}$ )-Pass-(Pass)-?? do you really think your partner is going to balance with a takeout double and six HCP? Um, nope. If you let the opponents play in $2 \boldsymbol{A}$, are you going to beat it seven tricks for +700 to get equity. Um, nope. Your best chance at a good score is to bid 3 NT and hope for the best.
FYI: I gave East KJ9873 A42 83 Q2 and ran eight simulations with random hands for North and West, and the results were: 3NT ( 29 down four) 2NT ( 2 down one) 4NT ( 29 down two) 4NT (2 down two) 3NT (2 down two) 2NT (2 down two) 3NT (2 down two) 4NT (2 down three)

Steve Moese $\underline{X} \quad$ With an honest weak 2 to our right, there are only two spade cards and about 13 HCP in the two remaining hands. If partner is weak with a long suit we play there. If they have values we will try Game, preferably in their long suit. Bidding 3NT seems wrong because we lack a source of tricks. We are likely to have only 2 spade tricks with this holding. Passing is too deep a position when both vulnerable. With only 13 HCP likely unaccounted for it is unlikely partner will reopen.

Mike Ma Pass You have 3 tricks in $S$ for sure defending 2A, likely 4. If you declare in NT, you will have mucho $S$ stoppers, but you have maybe 2 S tricks playing the suit, and you have no source of tricks. Partner probably would not be nice enough to balance with a X , so the final contract is likely 24 undoubled. But that is better than shooting out 3NT and going down, maybe a lot.

# Bob Jones May 11 Quiz 

| Question 5 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q 5 - North-South vulnerable |  |  |  |
| ¢AQT97*T 7 - Q 865 ¢ KJ |  |  |  |
| SOUTH | WEST | NORTH | EAST |
| 14 | Pass | 24 | Pass |
| 2* | Pass | 2 | Pass |
| ? |  |  |  |



Bob Jones 2. Partner's bid is the fourth suit. It does not show hearts and you must have a stopper in that suit to bid 2NT. Bid 2A.

Steve Vogel 2 2 Partner's $2 \boldsymbol{V}$ is an artificial force to game, and I cannot bid 2NT without a heart stopper, nor can I support clubs with only two. My only choice is to rebid $2 \boldsymbol{1}$.

Joe Muenks $3 \boldsymbol{3 G}$ is partner's best way to bide time whether that is 4th suit forcing in Standard American or if $2 \boldsymbol{d}$ was game forcing. Do not bid $2 \boldsymbol{A}$ without a heart stopper or suit you want lead to you ( Qx ). You have fine clubs since partner's suit is real, so show that $3^{\text {rdd }}$ suit, implying heart shortness and weakness.

Bob Fisk 24 Partner's $2 \boldsymbol{\text { b }}$ bid is "Hey, I don't have a heart stopper for notrump, or I do and I'm just messing with you. Heh." Since I don't have a heart stopper, a third club, or a fifth diamond, I'll tread water by bidding 2A. If partner puts us in $4 \boldsymbol{A}$ with a small doubleton, I've got a $75 \%$ chance to bring the suit in for one loser (i.e., finesse for both the King and Jack).

Steve Moese 24 There is a priority order when responding to a $4^{\text {th }}$ suit game force auction:

1) support partner's first bid suit with 3 cards if a Major and 4 cards if a minor.
2) rebid your shape ( $6+$ card suit, $5-5$ pattern)
3) rebid minimum NT with the $4^{\text {th }}$ suit stopped and 12-14 or 18-19
4) raise the $4^{\text {th }}$ suit with 4 -card support
5) MAKE THE LOWest RANKING REBID WITH NONE OF THE ABOVE."

Mike $\mathrm{Ma} \quad$ 2人 You need to have an agreement for what is the punt bid here. I prefer 3 to show a 5 th $D, 3$ to show $3+, 2 N T$ to show $H$ stopper, so 2 it is for me.

# Bob Jones May 11 Quiz 


Question 6
45 responses
Pass
2C
2NT
3NT
2D
3C


Bob Jones 2NT Bid 2NT. This shows the values for a 1NT opening but not balanced enough to have made that call.

Steve Vogel 2 Partner's 1NT rebid does not promise a balanced hand. It merely states that he/she cannot support spades and has no better bid. My top alternatives are to pass or correct to $2 \boldsymbol{2}$. This is a close decision, but given the concentration of high card points in my 2 suits, I would choose to bid 2\%, expecting that partner has at least 2 clubs and often 3.

Joe Muenks Pass Matchpoints score well in making NT contracts. If I had 1 more HCP I'd try 2NT, which shows 17 HCP and a singleton heart. (Note we jump to 2NT over ${ }^{7}$ despite 4 spades with 18-19, so 2NT now does not show that hand.)

Bob Fisk 2 I have extras, so I'll bid out my shape and see what happens. I was close to reversing to 24 with my second bid, but my hand wasn't quite good enough. If I held AKQJ $x$ xxx KQJTx, I would have reversed.

Steve Moese 2NT Just barely enough to invite Game. Partner's 9 or bad 10 should be enough. Reserve $3 \diamond$ for a better diamond suit and a slightly stronger hand (QJ7 of diamonds in this hand would be enough).

Mike Ma 2NT Partner did not invite, so should be <11. You have 16, but worth more with those black suits. But bidding 3NT is too much. P is too pessimistic, so 2 NT is what I would do.

| 05/11/24 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bob Jones | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 24 | 2NT |
| Steve Vogel | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 24 | 2\% |
| Joe Muenks | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 3\% | Pass |
| Bob Fisk | 3NT | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 24 | 2 |
| Steve Moese | 44 | 1NT | Pass | X | 24 | 2NT |
| Mike Ma | 34 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 24 | 2NT |
| Al Venosa | 34 | 1NT | 3 | 3NT | 2NT | 3NT |
| Anne Cobb | 3NT | Pass | 3 | 3s | 3NT | 2\% |
| AnnR | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | 2 |
| Bob K | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | Pass |
| Carl Willig | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | 2\% |
| Carol Wilson | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2, | Pass |
| Dave | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | Pass |
| Dave D | 39 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 20 | 2\% |
| Dean Congbalay | 49 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 3 | 2NT |
| Doug Edwards | 34 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | 2\% |
| Ed | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | 3\% |
| Greg | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 3\% | 28 |
| James D | 34 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | 2\% |
| James Jacobson | 49 | 1NT | 2NT | Pass | 2NT | 2\% |
| Jay Gala | 34 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | 23 |
| JohnMcQ | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 3NT | Pass |
| Jon Hoak | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 3NT | Pass |
| Kevin C. | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | 2NT |
| Kevin H. | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 24 | Pass |
| Lanny | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 3NT | 3NT |
| Linda | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | Pass |
| Melissa | 39 | 1NT | 3 | 2NT | 2NT | 2\% |
| Mike Burns | 49 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 3NT | 2\% |
| Nell Wickstrom | 34 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | 2NT |
| Pam Campbell | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | Pass |
| Pete Outcalt | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 2NT | Pass |
| Phyllis | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 49 | 24 | Pass |
| Rick Read | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 3NT | 2NT |
| Robert N. | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 3NT | 2NT |
| Rod | 49 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 3NT | Pass |
| Sally | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 3NT | 2NT |
| Sue | 39 | 1NT | Pass | 3NT | 24 | 3NT |
| Terri Mackey | 34 | 1NT | Pass | Pass | 2NT | Pass |
| Vijay | 4\% | 1NT | Pass | 2NT | 24 | 2\% |
| Zigang Pan | 49 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | 2\% |
|  | 40 | 1NT | Pass | X | 2NT | Pass |
|  | 35 | 2 | Pass | X | 3NT | 2NT |

## Bob Jones May 11 Quiz

|  |  |  | Question 2 <br> 45 response <br> P1NT <br> 2 D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05/11/24 | 1 |  | 2 | Q2-North-South vulnerable NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST 1* Pass ? | 3 |  North east south west 2 | 4 |  EAST SOUTH WEST NORTH 2*? | 5 | Q5-North-South vulnerable\&AQT $97 \%$ T $7+$ Q 865 \&KJSOUTHWEST NORTH EAST   <br> 14 Pass 24 Pass <br> 24 Pass $2 v$ Pass <br> $?$    | 6 |  |
| Bob lones | 4. | The \&Q has lost value opposite partner's shortness. Bid 4 S to show a minimum. | 1 NT | Bid 1NT. Bidding 20 with this hand is how the old timers got in trouble. | Pass | Pass, quickly, and hope left-hand opponent bids a suit. | ${ }^{3 N T}$ | It is too dangerous to trap pass, You might defend undoubled and miss a game. Bid 3NT. | 2. | Partner's bid is the fourth suit. It does not show hearts and you must have a stopper in that sult to bid 2 NT. Bid 2 . | 2 N | Bid 2 NT . This shows the values for a 1NT opening but not that call. that call. |
| Steve Vogel | 44 | Ihave no controls in the red suits and my aQ is likely wasted, BUT I do have the 4 A , great trumps and partner is unlimited. Over partner's $4 *$ or $4 \%$ bid I will bid 4 to to show I have no more controls more to offer. | ${ }^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass | Partner may have support for one of my red suits, but that is a of my red suits, but that is a gamble. Best to pass and hope for the best. | Pass | If we are to make game, partner is going to need a good suit, and probably a side entry as well. We might possibly make game in notrump or partner's long suit, but it is just as possible that we may go down. On defense, we are just about certain to defeat 24 and most likely by multiple tricks. In matchpoints, I would choose to pass. | 2 |  | 24 |  |
| loe Muenks | $4{ }^{2}$ | The $\$ \mathrm{Q}$ is now useless, but partner might still have a good hand. With most of my partners I play this is the A denying a red ace. This bid is even easier for those showing aces or kings, as it says exactly, "this is all the help rve got partner, slam is all on you." | 1 NT | This is an easy bid in $2 / 1$, where 1 NT is forcing 1 round. We'l probably bid 2 NT next round depending on developments. playing standard american, bid $2+$ now to start. | Pass | Easy peasy. Will this be 95\% Wh a mismatch everyone knows to stop bidding, right? | 2 NT | While we overcall 14 with 1 NT with 15 18, we allow 19 when we overcall 24 with NT and 20 when we overcall 34 NT. Note that the spade suit might become frozen quickly which might devalue the $\& \mathrm{Q}$. since that is unilikely to be the lead ( W might be void). [ A frozen sult is one where whoever leads it loses a trick or an extra trick.] | 3. |  | Pa | Matchpoints score well in making NT contracts. If I had 1 more which shows 17 HCP and a singleton heart. (Note we jump to 2 NT over $1 \%$ despite 4 spades with does not show that hand.) |
| Boo Fisk | 3NT | III let partner know that I have wasted values in clubs, but 3NT from my side might also generate 10 tricks. If partner really wants to be in spades, partner is welcome to bid 44 . Although l agreed weicome to bid 4 . Aithough I agreed to answer this question based on the fact that I did so, my preference is to than simply a game-forcing spade raise. So there. | ${ }^{1 N T}$ | (Forcing). $100 \%$ ? No other bid occurs to me. |  |  | 3NT | If the auction goes (2*)-Pass-(Pass)-?? do you really think your partner is going to balance with a takeout double and six HCP? Um, nope. If you let the opponents play in 24, are you going to beat it seven tricks for +700 to get equity. Um, nope. Your best chance at a good score is to MB: See note below in yellow | 24 |  | 24 | I have extras, so III bid out my was close to reversing to 2 s with my second bid, but my hand wasn't quite good enough. If I held $A K Q J \times$ yoox KQJTx. I would have reversed |
| Steve Mose | 4. | opposite our clubs devalues our hand by at least a $Q$. Bid 4e. If partner has KQ876 AK3 AK42 3 they will continue toward slam. Our 44 balanced hand that wasn't improved by partner's club shortness | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | $\times$ | With an honest weak 2 to our right, there are only two spade cards and about 13 HCP in the two remaining hands. If partner is weak with a long suit we play there. If they have values we will try Game, preferably in their long suit. Bidding 3NT seems wrong because we lack a source of tricks. We are likely have only 2 spade tricks with this holding. Passing is too deep a position when both vulnerable. With only 13 HCP likely unaccounted for it is unlikely partner will reopen. | $2 *$ |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ | Just barely enough to invite Game. Partner's 9 or bad 10 should be enough. Reserve 30 for a better diamond suit and a slightly stronger hand (QJ7 of be enough). |
| Mike Ma | 34 | In former days, 3 \& now would show much more than this hand, especially with the wasted values in C, and people would jump to 44 fast arrival. But if opener has as little as KQxxx, A.JT. Kocx, $x, 64$ is on a $H$ finesse, and there is no way she can make a move over 4h. More modern just means NOT hopeless. 34, which just means NOT hopeless To account for that responder is still wide ranging, people use frivolous or mild vs serious slam try by opener. | ${ }_{1 N T}$ | Not sure what the catch is assuming we play $2 / 1$ and Jacoby 2NT. What else can you do? | Pass |  | Pass | You have 3 tricks in S for sure defending 24, likely 4. If you declare in NT. you will have mucho S stoppers, but you have maybe 2 S tricks playing the sult, and you have no source of tricks. Partner probably would not be nice enough to balance with a $X$, so the final contract is likely $2 *$ undoubled. But that is better than shooting out 3NT and going down, maybe a lot. | $2 *$ |  | 2 NT |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BF: FY1 I gave East \| } \\ & \text { 3NT }(2 \star \text { down four) } \\ & \text { 3NT }(2 \star \text { down two }) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { is for North and West, and the results w } \\ & 4 \mathrm{NT}(2 \bullet \text { down two } \\ & 3 \mathrm{NT}(2 \star \text { down two) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al Venosa | 3. |  | 1 NT \| |  | $3 *$ |  | 3NT |  | 2NT |  | 3NT |  |
| Anne Cobb | 3NT |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{3 *}$ |  | $3 *$ |  | ${ }^{3 N T}$ |  | 2 |  |
| AnnR | 4. |  | ${ }^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | x |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | 2. |  |
| Bobk | 4. |  | ${ }_{1 N T}^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | Pass |  |
| Carl Willig | $4 *$ |  | ${ }_{1} \mathrm{INT}^{\text {NT }}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | ${ }^{2 *}$ |  |
| Carol Wison | 4. |  | 1NT 1 NT |  | Pass |  | X 2NT |  | 20 2 NT |  | Pass |  |
| Dave D | 3* |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | 3 NT |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| Dean Congbalay | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2 \cdot}$ |  | 2 NT |  |
| Doug Edwards | 3. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | 2 NT |  | 2NT |  | $2{ }^{*}$ |  |
| Ed | 4* |  | ${ }_{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | 2 NT |  | 2 NT |  | $3{ }^{*}$ |  |
| Greg | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | x |  | 34 |  | 2 |  |
| lames D | 3. |  | ${ }^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | x |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | 2 |  |
| James Jacobson | $4 *$ |  | ${ }_{\text {1 }}^{1 \text { 1NT }}$ |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }_{2}^{2 N T}$ |  | ${ }_{2 *}^{* *}$ |  |
| \|lay Gala | 3*********) |  | 1 NT <br> 1 NT <br> 1 |  | Pass |  | 2NT 2NT |  | 2NT <br> 3 NT |  | ${ }_{\text {Pass }}^{2 *}$ |  |
| Jon Hoak | $4 *$ |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | 3 NT |  | 3nt |  | Pass |  |
| Kevin C. | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | 2 NT |  | 2 NT |  | 2 NT |  |
| Kevin H . | 4. |  | ${ }^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | 2. |  | Pass |  |
| Lanny | $4 *$ |  | ${ }_{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{3 N T}$ |  | ${ }^{3 N T}$ | assuming 4th suit gt | 3NT |  |
| Linda | 4. |  | ${ }_{1 N T}$ | Forcing | Pass |  | x |  | 2 NT |  | Pass |  |
|  | ${ }_{4}{ }^{*}$ |  | 1 1NT <br> 1NT |  | ${ }_{\text {Pass }}{ }^{36}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {2 }}^{\text {2NT }}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{2 N T}$ |  | $2{ }^{2 *}$ |  |
| Mike Bums Nell Wicstrom | ${ }^{4 .}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {1NT }}^{1 \mathrm{NT}}$ | Forting | Pass |  | Pass |  | 3NT 2NT |  | $\stackrel{2 N}{2 N T}$ |  |
| Pam Campbell | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | $\times$ |  | 2 NT |  | Pass |  |
| Pete Outralt | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{NT}$ |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | Pass |  |
| Phyllis | 4. |  | ${ }_{1 N T}^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {2NT }}^{\text {3* }}$ |  | Pass |  |
| Rick Read <br> Rober N. | $4 *$ |  | 1 NT <br> 1 NT |  | Pass |  |  |  | 3NT <br> 3NT |  | $\frac{2 N T}{2 N T}$ |  |
| Rod | 4. |  | 1 NT |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{3 N T}$ |  | 3NT |  | Pass |  |
| Sally | 4. |  | ${ }_{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | x |  | 3NT |  | 2 NT |  |
| Sue | 3. |  | ${ }_{1} \mathrm{NT}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{3 N T}$ |  | $2 *$ |  | 3NT |  |
| Teri Madey | 3. |  | ${ }_{1 N T}$ | Farcing | Pass |  | Pass |  | 2 NT |  | Pass |  |
| Viay | 4. |  | ${ }^{1 N T}$ |  | Pass |  | ${ }^{2 N T}$ |  | 2 |  | $2 *$ |  |
|  | $4 \stackrel{4}{4}$ |  | 1 NT <br> 1 NT |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pass } \\ & \text { Pass } \end{aligned}$ |  | x $\times$ x |  | $\frac{2 N T}{2 N T}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Pass }}^{2 *}$ |  |
|  | 4. |  | 1 NT <br> 24 |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Pass } \\ \hline \text { Pass } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | x |  | ${ }_{3}^{2 N T}$ |  | Pass |  |

